Detector Development Programs

Takaki Hatsui RIKEN SPring-8 Center



March 2nd, 2023. SACLA Users' Meeting 2023





(mainly for) Transmitted X-rays

• **DIFRAS**

(mainly for) Diffracted/Scattered X-rays

- sxCMOS (< 1 keV)
 - 22.4 µm pixel, under development
 - SPring-8 Basic Development Program 2022
 - Talk by Dr. J. Miyawaki (QST), today
- CITIUS (> 1.5 keV), this talk
 - 72.6 µm pixel
 - an upgrade of MPCCDs

SACLA

High-spatial-resolution X-ray imaging detector DIFRAS T. Kameshima et.al.,

DIFRAS microscope

T. Kameshima et al., Optics Letters 44, 1403 (2019)



- Photodiffusion-free transparent scintillator
- Quasi-diffraction-limit resolution & damage-free operation

200 nm line-and space resolution main use: beam monitors

DIFRAS widefield



- T. Kameshima and T. Hatsui, J. Phys.: Conf. Ser. 2380, 012094 (2022).
 - Implementation of 151 Megapixels image sensor
 - 200 nm L&S resolution and 53 mm FOV provided by 5 lens variants

		Lens A1	Lens A2	Lens A3	Lens A4	Lens A5
Resolution (L&S)	[µm]	~0.2	0.45	0.6	1.0	4
Field of view	[mm ²]	2.6 x 1.9	7.6 x 5.7	10.3 x 7.7	15.2 x 11.4	53.3x 40.0
Status		under develop.	available	under develop.	available	available



X-ray Imaging Detectors (SACLA)

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CITIUS detector Development (2015-2020) Integration (2020-)



[1] SPring-8 II CDR (2014) with updated values. Architecture [1-3] [2] T. Hatsui, presented at iWorid (June. 2014). [3] T. Hatsui, AOSFRR (Nov. 2015) Integrating Pixel & High Frame Rate Feature Single Photon High Dynamic Ultralow High Spatial Spectro-Resolution Range Systematic Error Imaging Sensitivity

Experimentally Verified Performance

Parameters		Value			
	Thickness	Si 650 μm			
	Pixel Size	72.6 μm			
	Pixel Number	0.28 Mpi>	1pixel/sensor		
	Noise	0.027 phs.@8 keV (60 e⁻)			
Sensor		SR variant	XFEL variant		
	Peak Signal	1,800 phs. @ 12 keV (6 Me-)	17,000 phs.@ 6 keV (28 Me-)		
	Frame Rate	17.4 kfps	5 kHz		
	Sat. Count Rate @12 keV	30 or 600 Mcps	-		
	Pixel Readout Rate	4.87 Gpixels/s	1.4 Gpixels/s		



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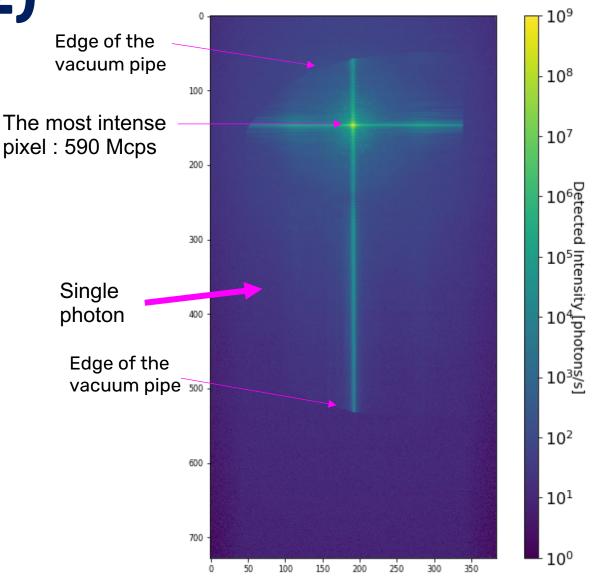
Y. Honjo et.al.,



Count Rate (1/2)

Photon Energy: 10keV Slit to CITIUS: 15m

Slit Size: $20 \times 20 \mu m$

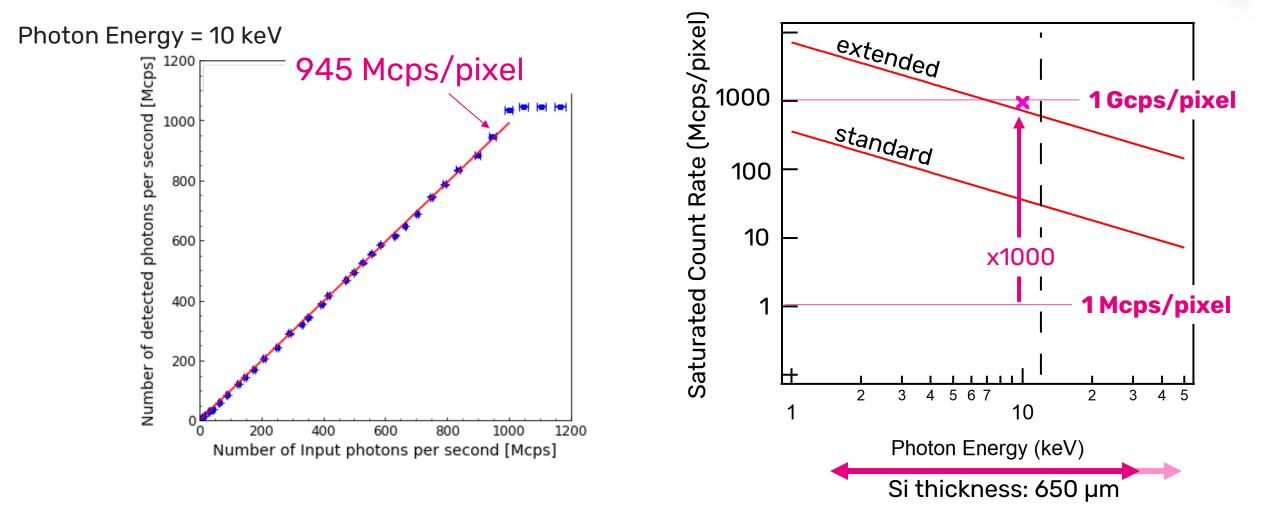


Y. Honjo et.al.,

SPring 8

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Count Rate (2/2)



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CITIUS detector



Architecture [1-3]

Integrating Pixel & High Frame Rate

Feature						
High Dynamic	Ultralow	Spectro-	High Spatial	Single Photon		
Range	Systematic Error	Imaging	Resolution	Sensitivity		

Experimentally Verified Performance

Parameters		Value			
	Thickness	Si 650 µm			
	Pixel Size	72.6 μm			
	Pixel Number	0.28 Mpixel/sensor			
	Noise	0.027 phs.@	98 keV (60 e⁻)		
Sensor		SR variant	XFEL variant		
	Peak Signal	1,800 phs. @ 12 keV (6 Me-)	17,000 phs.@ 6 keV (28 Me-)		
	Frame Rate	17.4 kfps	5 kHz		
	Sat. Count Rate @12 keV	30 or 600 Mcps	-		
	Pixel Readout Rate	4.87 Gpixels/s	1.4 Gpixels/s		



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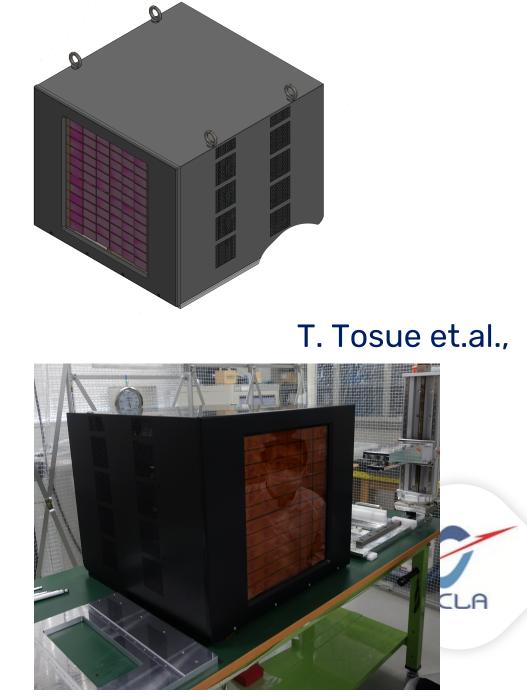
20.2M Large Area Detector

To be integrated to SACLA in 2023

- 20.2 Mpixel @ 60 frames/s
 - 72 sensors
- User experiments
 - 2024 (planned)
 - semiconductor crisis still affects the availability of some parts

Development for SPring-8 MX beamline under discussion

- 20.2 Mpixel @ 17.4 kfps



K. Ozaki et.al.,



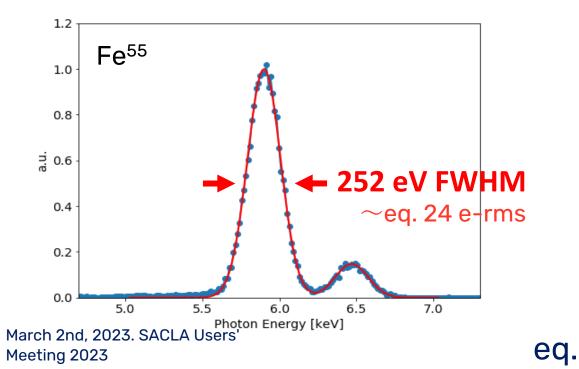
20.2 M: Sensor Sub System

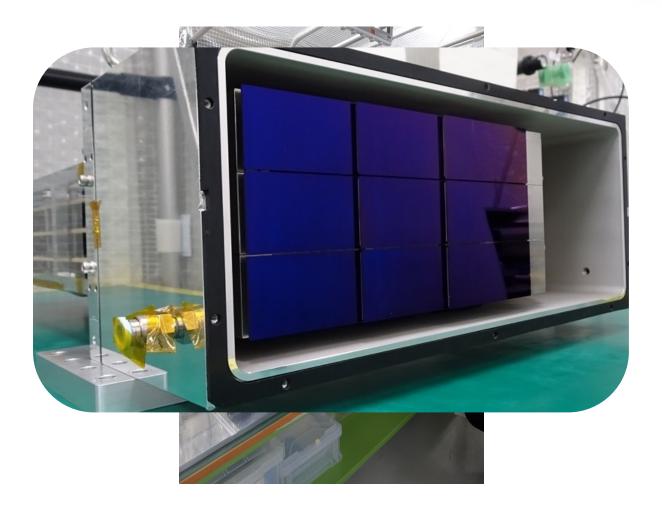
Each Sensor Sub System can be tested and calibrated.

2.52 Mpixels

Spare Units in case of damage

Optimized for SACLA operation

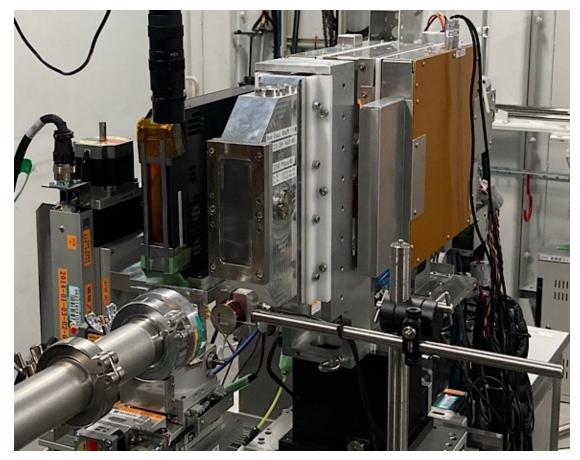




SACLA beamtime

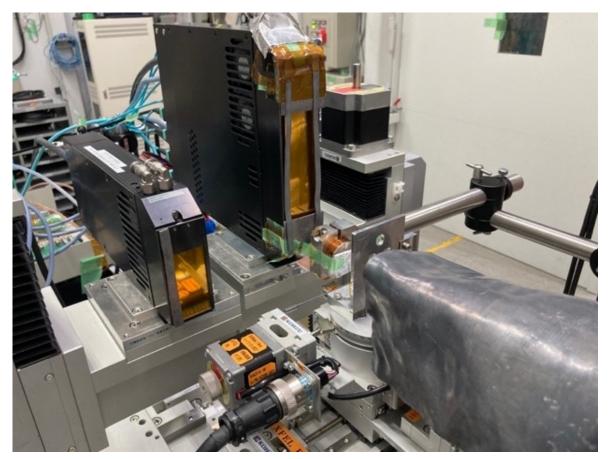
Dec. 2022 CITIUS-560k-linear

MPCCD-1M-linear



CITIUS-280k CITIUS-560k-linear

Haruki Nishino, Ichiro Inoue et.al.,



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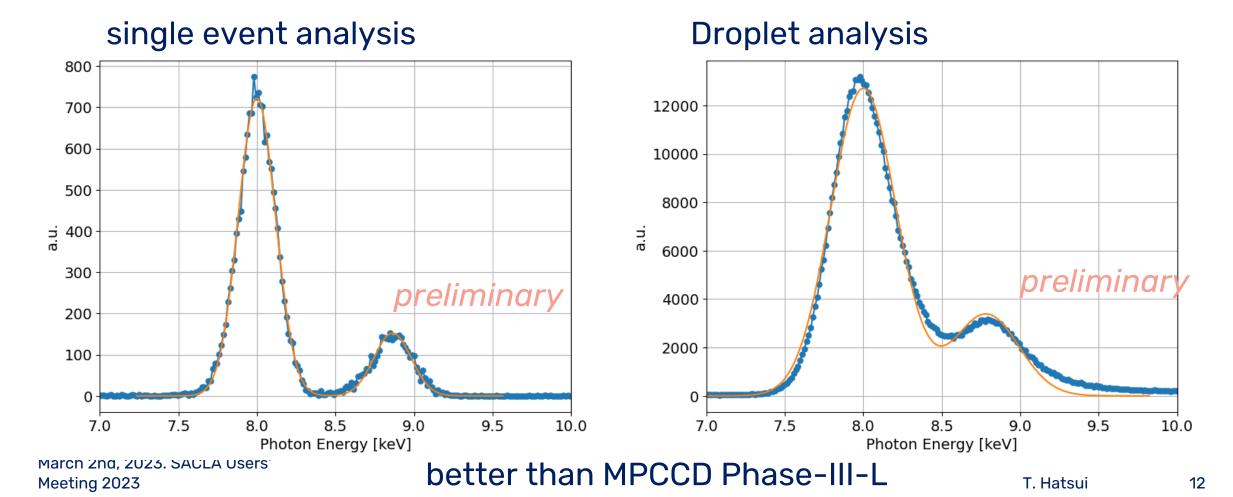
Haruki Nishino, Ichiro Inoue et.al.,



SACLA

Evaluations Results at SACLA (1/2)

Weak Intensity Regime: Single Photon Detection and Spectro-imaging Cu K emissions

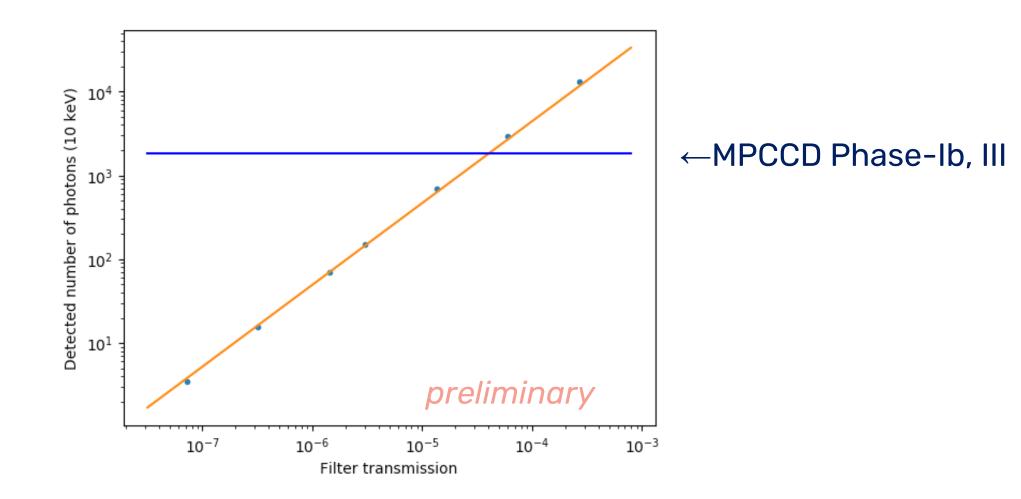






Evaluations Results at SACLA (2/2)

Linearity



CITIUS Summary



CITIUS at SPring-8 and other synchrotron facilities are ramping up

- saturation count rate of about 1 Gcps/pixel
 - x100-x1000 compared to photon counting detectors
- spectro-imaging with < 1 keV FWHM resolutions

CITIUS for SACLA

- 20.2 Mpixel system under integration, planned to be deployed in 2024.
 - The semiconductor crisis still affects the availability of some parts
 - gives better noise, better peak signal than MPCCDs.
 - SFX integration (data analysis pipelines) needs to be implemented.
 - Contribution from the SFX user community to be discussed.
- in-house science experiments with 560k and 2.5M is planned in 2023.

If you are interested in the new detectors, please contact the beamline scientists.



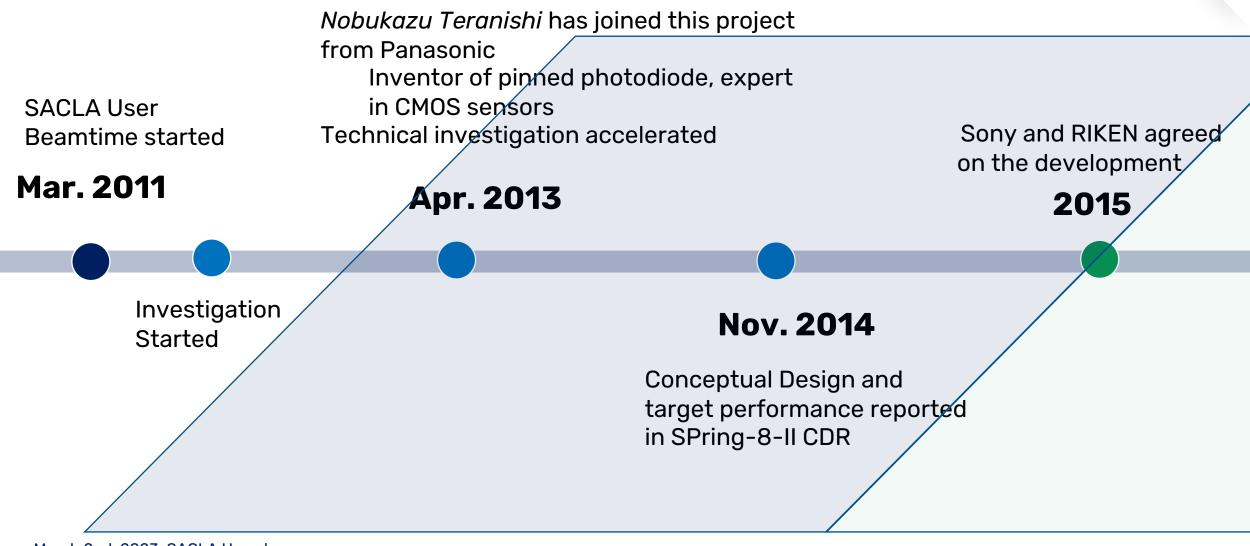


SPARE SLIDES

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Research to Development





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Integration



