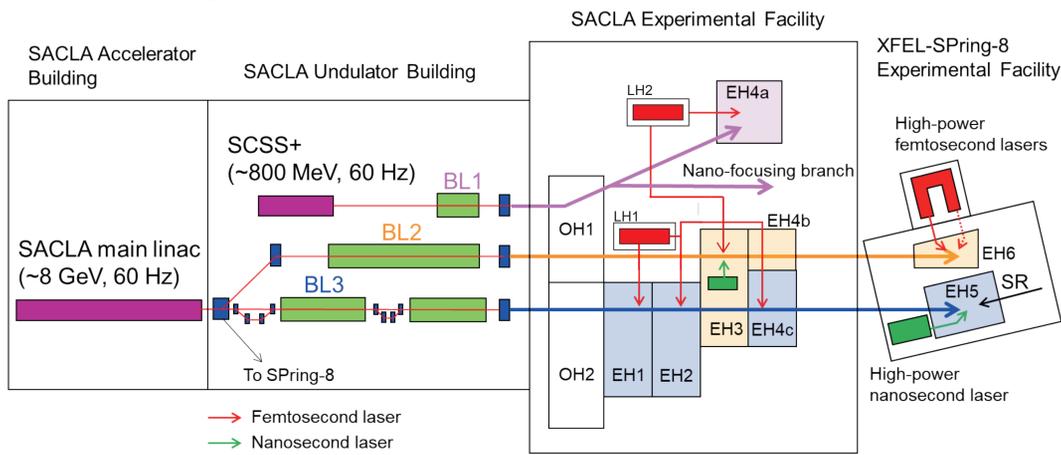




# Overview of SACLA Beamlines (BL1, 2, 3)

Taito Osaka, Shigeki Owada  
on behalf of SACLA beamline group

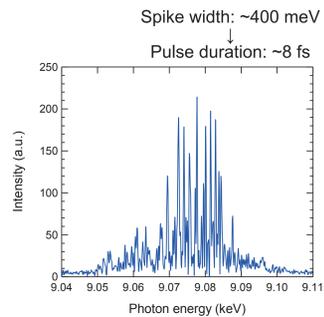
## Schematic layout of SACLA beamlines



Three BLs are operated under different machine conditions ( $e^-$  beam energy, photon energy, etc.), simultaneously. From the SACLA main linac, high-quality  $e^-$  bunches are delivered to the SPRing-8 storage ring (1-2 shots/min in top-up mode).

## Typical performance

|                                      | BL1 (SX)                   | BL2 (HX)                        | BL3 (HX)   |  |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Photon energy                        | 40 ~ 150 eV                | 4 ~ 22 keV                      | 4 ~ 22 keV   |  |
| Pulse duration                       | ~30 fs (fixed)             | <10 fs (fixed)                  | <10 fs (fixed)                                       |  |
| Pink beam                            | Bandwidth ( $\Delta E/E$ ) | ~0.01                           | ~ $3 \times 10^{-3}$                                 |  |
|                                      | Pulse energy               | ~90 $\mu$ J @100 eV             | ~500 $\mu$ J @10 keV                                 | ~700 $\mu$ J (up to 900 $\mu$ J) @10 keV |
| Monochromatic beam (Si 111 DCM/DCCM) | Bandwidth ( $\Delta E/E$ ) | -                               | $1.3 \times 10^{-4}$                                 |  |
|                                      | Pulse energy               | ~10 $\mu$ J @10 keV             | ~10-50 $\mu$ J @10 keV                               | -  |
| Monochromatic beam (DCCM option)     | Bandwidth ( $\Delta E/E$ ) | -                               | $0.05 - 1.3 \times 10^{-4}$ @10 keV (in air)         | $0.05 - 3.0 \times 10^{-4}$ @10 keV      |
|                                      | Pulse energy               | -                               | depends on b.w.                                      | depends on b.w.                          |
| Repetition rate                      | 60 Hz                      | 30 / 60 Hz                      | 30 / 60 Hz   |  |
| Advanced operation modes             | -                          | Two color (SASE+SASE w/o delay) | Two color (SASE+SASE / SASE+mono) Self-seeding / SDO |  |
| Tailor-made XFEL generation          | o                          | o                               | o  |  |

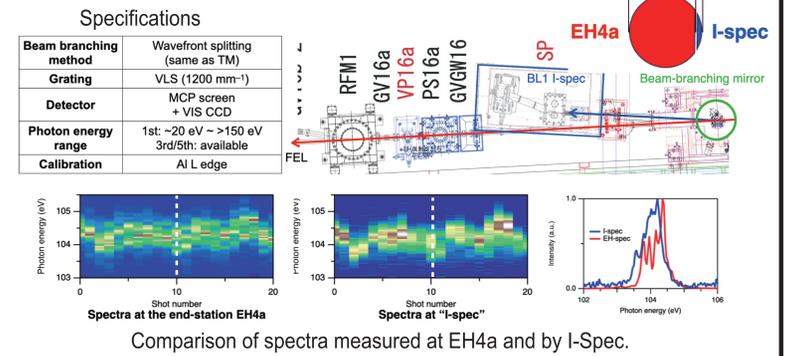


Single-shot spectrum @BL3  
Y. Inubushi et al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **109**, 144801 (2012); *Appl. Sci.* **7**, 584 (2017).

## Major updates

### 'In-line' spectrometer at BL1

An in-line spectrometer (I-Spec) has been installed at BL1. The new spectrometer will be available from 2024A.



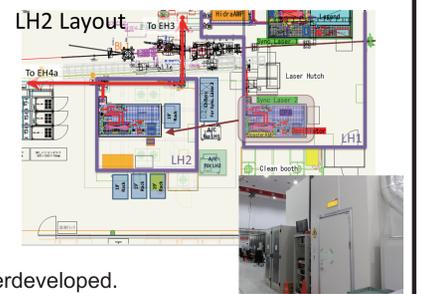
Comparison of spectra measured at EH4a and by I-Spec.

### New Sync Laser Hutch 'LH2'

A new fs-laser hutch (LH2) has been constructed, and Sync Laser 2 has been relocated at LH2.

This upgrade enables:

- (1) independent maintainance of Sync Laser 1 & 2
- (2) the use of fs laser at EH3 (BL2) under limited conditions, e.g., only OPA (<1 mJ), no timing tool



A non-destructive timing tool is underdeveloped.

## Experimental stations

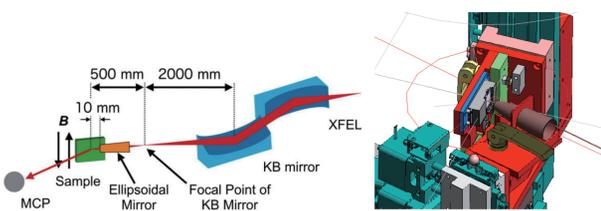
### BL1

S. Owada et al., *J. Synchrotron Rad.* **25**, 282 (2018).

#### EH4a

- KB mirrors (~5  $\mu$ m FWHM) + fs optical lasers (+ ellipsoidal / Wolter mirror(s) (sub  $\mu$ m))

→ Mainly AMO, MAT & XNO experiments are carried out using a dedicated experimental chamber owned by users.



S. Owada et al., *J. Synchrotron Rad.* **25**, 68 (2018); *J. Synchrotron Rad.* **26**, 887 (2019).  
Y. Kubota et al., *Appl. Phys. Lett.* **117**, 042405 (2020).

→H. Motoyama' s talk

#### Nano-focusing branch

- Two-stage focusing system (~20 nm FWHM) underdeveloped

H. Motoyama, H. Mimura, *J. Phys. B Atom. Mol. Opt. Phys.* **48**, 234002 (2015).

### BL2

#### EH3

- KB mirrors (~1  $\mu$ m FWHM) + ns or fs optical lasers

→ Mainly Biology experiments (SFX etc.) are carried out using standard experimental platforms (DAPHNIS etc.)

K. Tono et al., *J. Synchrotron Rad.* **22**, 532 (2015).

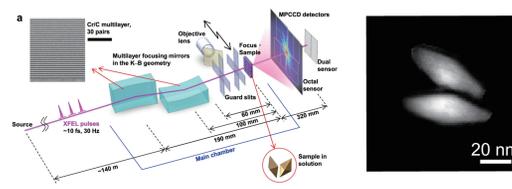
→S. Iwata' s talk

#### EH4b

- Long sample(@EH3)-to-detector distance (<10 m)

- MAXIC-S (~100 nm FWHM @4 keV)

→ Dedicated for CDI at 4 keV for biomolecules & nanoparticles



H. Yumoto et al., *Nat. Commun.* **13**, 5300 (2022).

→A. Suzuki' s talk

#### EH6

- CRLs (>2  $\mu$ m FWHM) + High-power fs optical laser

→ Dedicated for HED experiments

### BL3

T. Ishikawa et al., *J. Synchrotron Rad.* **26**, 333 (2019).  
K. Tono et al., *New J. Phys.* **12**, 083035 (2013).

#### EH2

- CRLs (>2  $\mu$ m FWHM) + fs optical lasers

→ Mainly fs-P&P measurements in various fields are carried out using advanced P&P instruments (timing monitor, DCCM etc.)

T. Katayama et al., *Struct. Dyn.* **3**, 034301 (2016); *J. Synchrotron Rad.* **26**, 333 (2019).

#### EH4c

- KB mirrors (~1  $\mu$ m FWHM) + fs optical laser ( $\lambda = 800$  nm)

H. Yumoto et al., *Nat. Photon.* **7**, 43 (2013).

→ Mainly XNO & HED experiments are carried out using advanced operation modes (two-color, self-seed, SDO etc.)

- Advanced KB mirrors (sub 10 nm)

J. Yamada et al., *Nat. Photon.* (2024). Accepted.

→J. Yamada' s talk

#### EH5

- 100exa KB mirrors (~100 nm FWHM)

H. Yumoto et al., *Appl. Sci.* **10**, 2611 (2020).

→ Mainly XNO experiments are carried out using ultimately intense (~ $10^{20}$  W/cm<sup>2</sup>) XFELs.

→Z. Abhari' s talk

- KB mirrors (>500 nm FWHM) + High-power nanosecond laser

→ Dedicated for HED experiments using a standard platform.

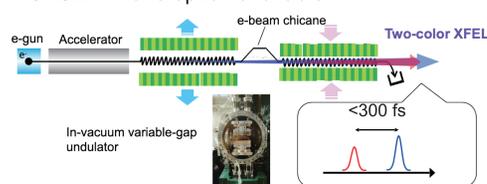
Y. Inubushi et al., *Appl. Sci.* **10**, 2224 (2020).

→N. Ozaki' s talk

## Advanced capabilities at BL3

### Two-color XFEL (+ time delay)

- Energy separation: <30%
- Delay time: <300 fs @8 keV
- Pulse energy: ~200  $\mu$ J total (balanced case)
- SASE + mono option available

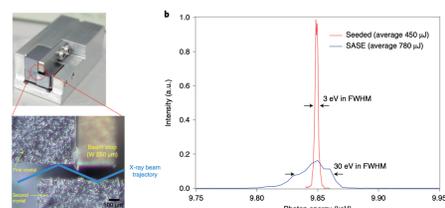


T. Hara et al., *Nat. Commun.* **4**, 2919 (2013).  
H. Yoneda et al., *Nature* **524**, 446 (2015).  
I. Inoue et al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **126**, 117403 (2021).  
M. D. Doyle et al., *Optica* **10**, 513 (2023).

XFEL-pump-XFEL probe

### Reflection self-seeded XFEL

- Bandwidth  $\Delta E/E$ : ~ $3 \times 10^{-4}$
- Photon energy: 8 ~ 12 keV
- Pulse energy: ~200  $\mu$ J w/o DCM

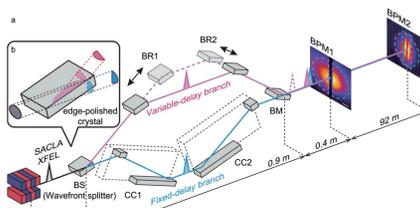


I. Inoue et al., *Nat. Photon* **13**, 319 (2019).  
T. Osaka et al., *J. Synchrotron Rad.* **26**, 1496 (2019).  
S. Matsumura et al., *Opt. Express* **28**, 25706 (2020).  
I. Inoue et al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **127**, 163903 (2021).

X-ray nonlinear spectroscopy

### Split-and-Delay Optics (SDO)

- Delay time: <200 ps @10 keV
- Photon energy: 5 ~ 15 keV
- Pulse energy: ~4  $\mu$ J total (self-seeded)

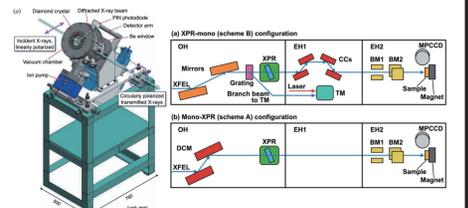


T. Osaka et al., *IUCrJ* **4**, 728 (2017).  
Y. Shinohara et al., *Nat. Commun.* **11**, 6213 (2020).  
T. Osaka et al., *Phys. Rev. Research* **4**, L012035 (2022).

Studies of spontaneous fluctuation

### Phase retarder (+ timing monitor)

- Photon energy: 5 ~ 16 keV
- Degree of polarization: circular ~97% vertical ~67%



M. Suzuki et al., *J. Synchrotron Rad.* **21**, 466 (2014).  
Y. Kubota et al., *J. Synchrotron Rad.* **26**, 1139 (2019).  
K. Yamamoto et al., *New J. Phys.* **21**, 123010 (2019).

TR studies of magnetism